Using Fairy Tale Techniques to Develop Reading Skills of Primary School Student with special needs

(intellectual Impairment group)

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Statement of problems

- Intellectual impaired condition of students affected the growth of so-called "retarded children" whose intellectual was below average.
- could notice the fault in adaptation at early ages (Grossman, 1983)
- prevalence was 2 % from all children (Department of Mental Health, 2001), while 2.8% from those in schools (Chaluay Jutikul, 2001)

Research Questions

- 1. How were the tale telling techniques used to develop reading ability of intellectual impaired students with special needs?
- 2. Were the pre-test scores and the post-test scores of the students for reading ability different? How?

Objectives of the research

- 1. To prepare the readiness of intellectual impaired students before using special tale telling techniques to develop reading ability
- 2. To compare the scores of students for reading ability before and after using special tale telling techniques

Conception framework

Tale Book; 8 stories based on children development

- 1. listening and interest
- 2. reaction to manner or easy order
- 3. follow order
- 4. say, dispute, intend to relay the meaning
- 5. Imitate of sound and acting
- 6. say meaningful words, syllable, phrase, sentence
- 7. toning level and saying distinct
- 8. grammar

5 Tale Telling Techniques;

- 1. Oral telling
- 2. picture supplement
- 3. using big book
- 4. surrounding things
- 5. telling by arts, drawing, cutting, folding

With Look and Say method, Active learning

Use 3R: Repetition,
Routine, Relaxation andSight Reading Method

Linguistic development & reading skills;

1.listen & interest

2.reaction towards

manner/command

3.follow the order

4. say, dispute & intend to meaning and sound analysis

5.mix sound and imitate action and recognition

6.say words, phrase & sentence with meaning

7. pronounce and identify sound of something

8.grammar: orally tale telling

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4 methods of tale telling techniques;

- Look and Say Method
- Active Listening
- Repetition, routine and relaxation
- Sight Reading Method

oral telling







picture supplement telling









using big book by telling









surrounding things telling

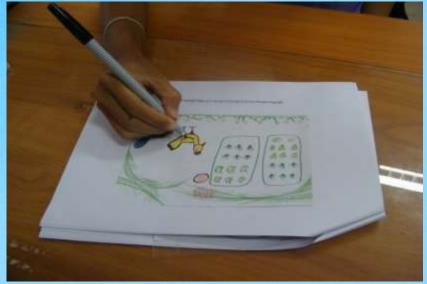




telling by arts







Research methodology

- Mixed method research;
 - quantitative : pretest & posttest scores
 - qualitative : behavior observation before and after for developing reading skill
- randomized one group pretest-posttest design

Research methodology (cont.)

- target population were 40 students intellectual impaired of homeschool, aged 7- 12 of 1st semester
 of 2009 at Kosumpisai hospital, Mahasarakam,
 which cooperation program for special study of
 Rajabhat Maha Sarakham and Kosumpisai hospital
- sample size, 20 intellectual impaired students by purposive sampling

Research Tool

- form of linguistic developed assessment
- movable tale book basket

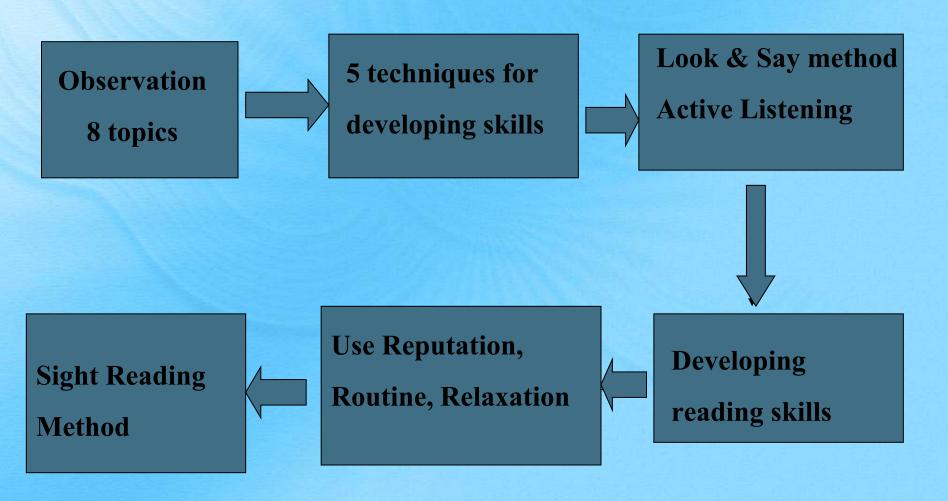
Instruments

- 1. linguistic behavior observation form of 8 topics, assessed by 5 experts, 0.80 reliability.
- 2. manage a corner of fairy tale to be filled up in library.
- 3. special teaching methods

3 stages of creating fairy tale books:

- 1. plan to construct the tales into 4 steps
- 2. implement the intervention
- 3. evaluate and conclude its result

Data Collection



Data Analysis

- Compare the linguistic ability before and after teaching by tale techniques for a movable story basket
- the pretest and posttest scores by Mean = 74.20 and 160.87, S.D.= 3.46 and 5.14 respectively

Conclusion 2 parts

1. Reading Development was needed for linguistic skill; listening, response, saying by using a movable tale story basket....Then using a movable tale story basket, was innovative learning, can access near students with special need

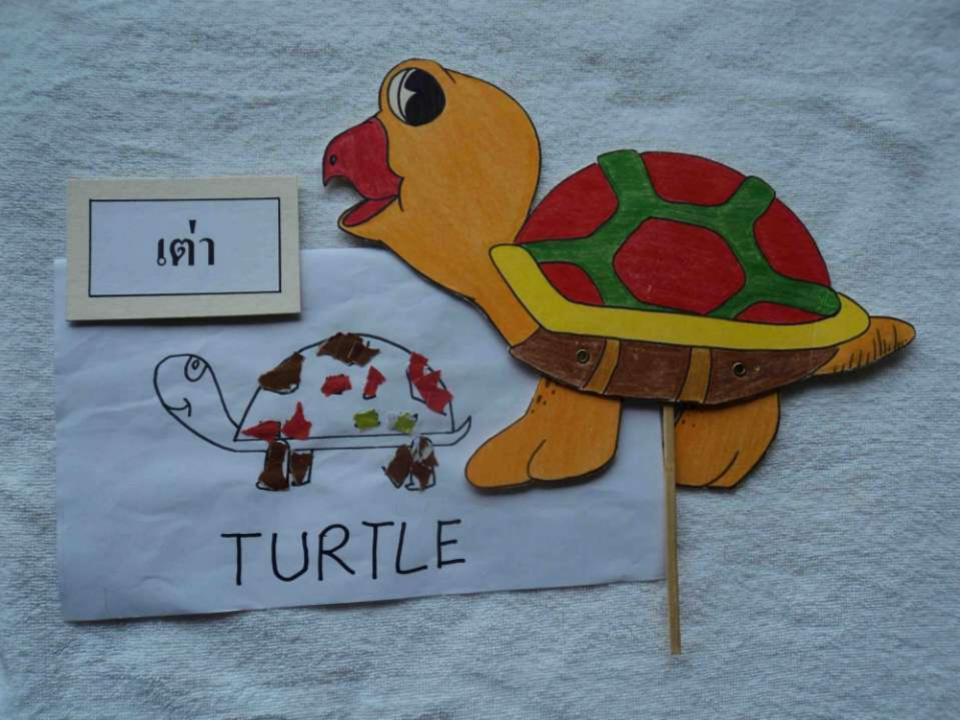
Conclusion (cont.)

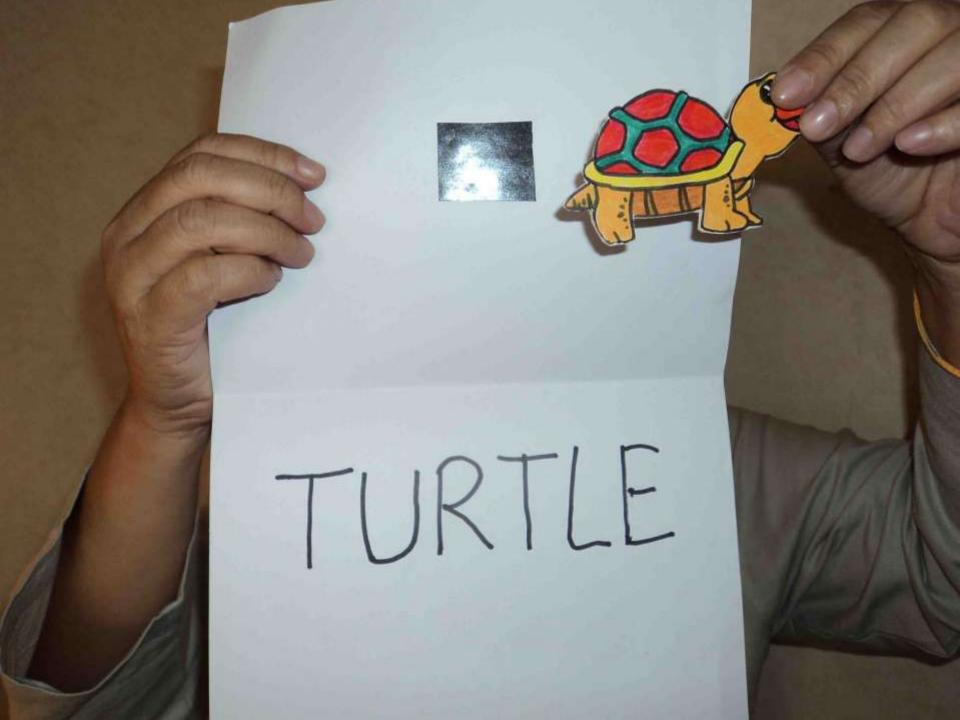
- 2. The posttest scores for linguistic ability was higher
 - students paid more attention, understood meaning, interaction etc.





TURTLE





Changed behavior after the intervention

- 1. listening & interest: knowing shapes and matching
- 2. react towards manner or easy order: imitation, differentiate
- 3. follow the order: analysis details of picture
- 4. say, dispute and intend to relay meaning: analyze sound

Changed behavior after the intervention (cont.)

- 5. sound mix and imitate action: remember what they saw and heard in the short and long terms
- 6. say meaningful words: syllable, phrase and sentence: imitate tale telling
- 7.toning level and say in distinct: sound of animal, crying laughing
- 8. grammar: orally tale telling















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Terima Kasih

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