

3RD SOUTHEAST ASIA - CHINA EDUCATION RESEARCH NETWORK (SEA-CERN) MEETING

5-6 September 2016 | Amari Watergate Bangkok, Bangkok, Thailand

Policies, Practices and Challenges of National University Admission





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| Periods | Educational Development Activities |
|-----------|--|
| 1961-1971 | HR. Development Compulsory Education (7 yrs.) |
| 1972-1991 | Extension of Compulsory Education from 7 to 9 yrs. Adult/Welfare Education Private Education Promotion |
| 1992-2005 | Promotion for Linkage between Education Institutions and Enterprise New Curriculum on Student Centered Decentralizing the responsibilities of Education at provincial Level. |
| 2006-2016 | University Organization Networking Reorganization on Central Admission and Standardization |



Thai Formal Education System (Basic Education)

| Basic Education: ISCED 2011 | | | | |
|--|-------|-------------------------------|-----------|---|
| Level Name | Level | Group | Sub Group | Details |
| Early Childhood Education | 0 | 01 | 010 | Early childhood Education Development |
| (4-6 yrs.) | Ů | 02 | 020 | Pre-Primary Education |
| Primary Education (7-12 yrs.) | 1 | 10 | 100 | Prathom Suksa 1-6 |
| Secondary Education Lower Secondary (13-15 yrs.) | 2 | 24 General Education | 244 | (Mathayom 1-3) Sufficient for level completion, without direct access to upper secondary education. |
| Thurst Coordon | | 34 General Education | 344 | (Mathyom 4-6) Sufficient for partial completion, without direct access to tertiary education. |
| Upper Secondary (14-18 yrs.) | 3 | 35 Vocational Education | 354 | Sufficient for partial completion, without direct access to tertiary education. |

*ISCED: International Standard Classification of Education adopted by UNESCO



Vocational Education (Post Secondary Non Tertiary Education) Thai Formal Education System (Post Secondary Non Tertiary Education)

| Post Secondary Non Tertiary Education : ISCED 2011 | | | | | |
|--|------|-------|-------|-----------|--|
| Level I | Name | Level | Group | Sub Group | Details |
| Vocati Educa | | 4 | 44 | 453 | Sufficient for partial completion, without direct access to tertiary education. (1-2 yrs.) |



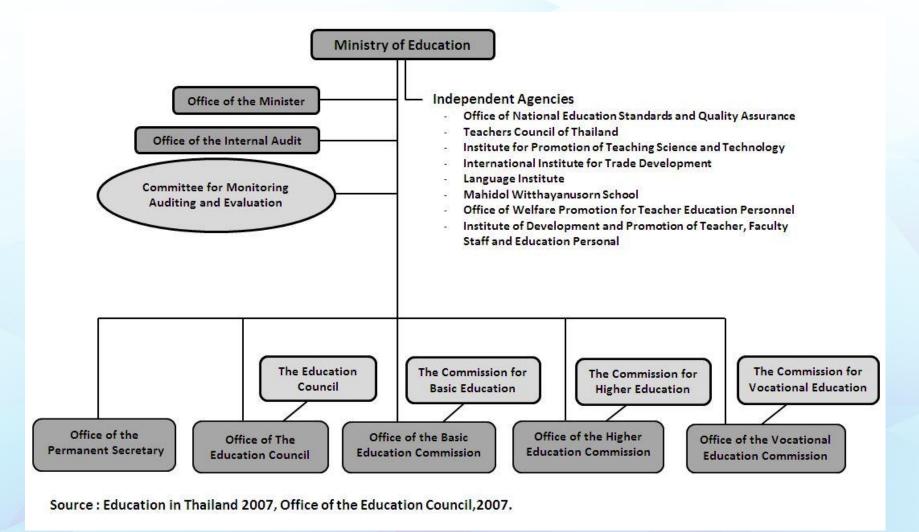
Thai Formal education System (Higher Education)

| Higher | Education: | ISCED 2011 |
|--------|-------------------|-------------------|
| _ | | |

| Level Name | Level | Group | Sub Group | Details |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| | | 54 | 541 | Insufficient for level completion |
| Short Cycle Tertiary | 5 | General Education | 544 | Sufficient for level completion |
| Education (At least 2 years) | 5 | 55 | 551 | Insufficient for level completion |
| | | Vocational Education | 554 | Sufficient for level completion |
| Daghalaula au | | 66 | 661 | Insufficient for level completion |
| Bachelor's or Equivalent level | 6 | Orientation Unspecified | 665 | First Degree (3-4 years) |
| Master's or | _ | 76 Orientation | 766 | Long first degree |
| Equivalent level | 7 Unspecified | 767 | Second of further degree (following a Bachelor's or Equivalent program | |
| Doctor or | Q | 86 | 861 | Insufficient for level completion |
| Equivalent level | 8 Orientation Unspecified | 864 | Sufficient for completion of level | |

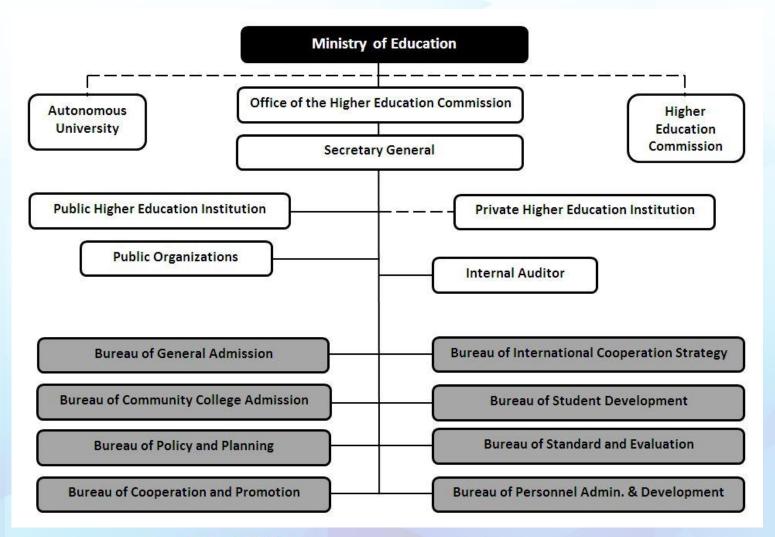


Figure 1: The Administrative Structure of Education in Thailand





OHEC Organization Chart





University Admissions in Thailand

- ***4** Stake Holders: Government/Policies
 - University/Faculties
 - Schools/Secondary
 - Students



University Admission Systems (1961-2016)

- 2.1 Direct Admissions and Entrance System (1961-1999)
- 2.2 University Quota System (1973-2016)
- 2.3 Central University Admission System (2000-2016)
 - 2.3.1 Admission System (2000-2005)/CUAS1
 - 2.3.2 Admission System (2006-2009)/CUAS2
 - 2.3.3 Admission System (2010-2016)/CUAS3



Number of HEI'S and Admission System

| Years | No. of Higher Educational Institutions | Direct Admissions* |
|-------|--|--------------------|
| 1960 | 12 | Entrance Exam. |
| 1966 | 17 | |
| 1971 | 21 | Univ. Quota Syst. |
| 1982 | 26 | |
| 2000 | 73 | CUAS1 |
| 2005 | 136 | CUAS2 |
| 2009 | 150 | CUAS3 |
| 2016 | 170 | |

*(1960-2016)



Direct Admissions and Entrance Examination (1961-1999)

| | No. o | f Higher Educatio | on Institutions | |
|-------------------|-------|---------------------|------------------------------|---|
| Academic Years | Total | Direct Admission | Central Entrance Examination | Remarks |
| 1961 | 5 | 3 | 2 | Not Include: |
| 1962-1965 | 7 | - | 7 | Vocational Institutes Private Universities |
| 1966 | 7 | 7 | - | |
| 1967-1972 | 8 | - | 8 | |
| 1973-1982 | 11 | 11 | 11 | |
| 1983-2000 | 52 | 52 | 23 | |



Admissions' Criteria: Direct and Entrance Exam. (1961-1999)

| Periods | Clı | usters |
|-----------|--|---|
| 1 ci ious | Science | Liberal Arts |
| 1961-1972 | Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, Biology English | Thai Language, English, Social Science, Mathematics |
| 1973-1999 | (As above) + Thai Language | (As above) + General Science |



Admissions' Criteria: University Quota System (1973-2016)

- The Quota System are organized separately in each region.
- The Examinations cover both clusters in Science and Liberal Arts as the Entrance System



Central Univ. Admission System: CUAS (2000-2005)

- Entrance System (40 yrs.: 1961-1999) → CUAS (2000-2005)
- Opening more access for students to

| Proficiency Exam (2 times : October, March) 90 | Proficienc | y Exam (2 times : (| October, March | 90% |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|----------------|-----|
|--|-------------------|---------------------|----------------|-----|

Combining Percent to Rank from School
 10%

Total 100%

Results of operations in such formats showed that students have more stress due to their commitment to take all both two test (which is unnecessary). More, schools need to accelerate their courses to finish faster, which adversely affect the normal teaching.



Central Univ. Admission System: CUAS (2006-2009)

- 2005, The NIETS provided the Standard Test (O-NET) to Curriculum Covered all primary + Secondary Level.
- 2006, The CUPT announced to use ONET Result in the admission System.



The Criteria considered in the Central University Admission System (2006-2009):

1. grade point average throughout the course of high school a. or equivalent (GPAX)

10%

2. grade point average throughout high school curriculum

a. based learning (GPA) 3-5 subjects groups of eight groups

20%

3. Results of the O-NET (3-5 subjects groups)

35-70%

4. The results of the A-NET and / or specific subjects for the study

included not more than 3 subjects

0-35%

Total

100%



The Ordinary National Educational Test (ONET)

The Ordinary National Educational test or O-Net is a measure of the knowledge learned in the upper secondary Level.

| Subjects Group | Fields |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| • 01 | Thai language |
| • 02 | Mathematics |
| • 03 | Science |
| • 04 | Social studies, Religion and Culture |
| • 05 | English |
| • 06 | Health and Physical Study |
| • 07 | Art |
| • 08 | Career and Technology |



The Advanced National Educational Test (ANET)

- more degree of difficulty and complexity than O-NET Test.
- Students can apply for the ANET test as many times if they need. The result of the Test will be available for a period of three years.
- The subjects at the A-NET Test are:

| Subjects Group | Details |
|----------------|----------------------------------|
| • 11 | Thai language |
| • 12 | social, religious and cultural 2 |
| • 13 | English 2 |
| • 14 | Math 2 |
| • 15 | Science 2 |



The Advanced National Educational Test (ANET)

Specific Subjects

The Specific Subjects Test is divided into two categories.

Foreign Languages

| Subjects | Details |
|----------|----------------|
| • 31 | French |
| • 32 | German |
| • 33 | Pali |
| • 34 | Arabic |
| • 35 | Chinese |
| • 36 | Japanese |



The Advanced National Educational Test (ANET)

Specific Aptitude Test

| Disciplines | Details |
|-------------|--|
| • 37 | engineering aptitude (Basic Engineering) |
| • 38 | Aptitude architecture |
| • 39 | teacher professional aptitude |
| • 40 | knowledge and aptitude for art. |
| • 41 | theory, visual arts |
| • 42 | visual arts practice |
| • 43 | Theory of Creative Arts. |
| • 44 | Practice Medicine |
| • 45 | drawing |
| • 46 | elements art |
| • 47 | Aptitude Visual Communication. |
| | |



Central University Admission System: CUAS 2010-2016

I 1st Track: Central Admission

In 2010, The CUPT replace new indicators to the Univ. Admission System. The System focus on.

- 1. Reducing the school class abandonment of students.
- 2. Using the Aptitude Test for admission to universities in their field of expertise, rather than measuring the ability of students through the entrance examination.
- 3. Promote the use of common standard test to replace the individual direct admission test in universities.
- 4. Reduce the stress of the students in taking examination in different direct admission.



Central Admission (CUAS) Criteria (2010-2016): 1st Track

1. GPAX 20% (on upper secondary education (3 years)

2. O-NET** (8 subject groups) 30%

3. GAT (General Aptitude Test) 10-50% (50% of the GAT is English)

4. PAT (Professional Aptitude Test) 0-40%

Total 100%

**Starting from the academic year 2015, the ONET-Test in "Health education, Arts and Career" has been operated independently by school. The ONET's result used in Admission System reminded in 5 subject groups with the same weights (30%)



Central University Admission System: CUAS (2010-2016)

II 2nd Track: Health Science Group Admission System:

- Subjects based qualification (Advanced Level):
 - Thai language
 - English
 - Mathematic1 (Cluster in Sc.)
 - Mathematic2 (Cluster in Liberal Arts)
 - Physic
 - Chemistry
 - Biology
 - General Science (Cluster in Liberal Arts)



The GAT - PAT system

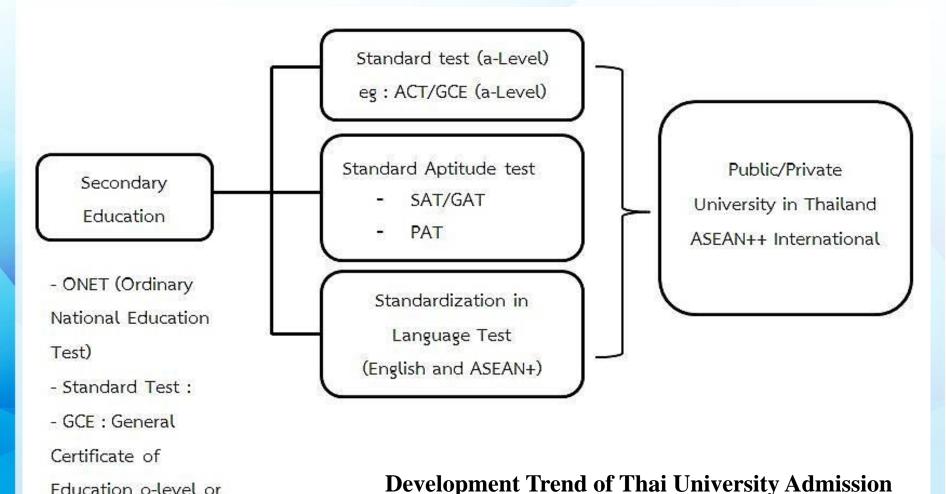
GAT: General Aptitude Test

PAT: Professional Aptitude Test in:

- PAT 1 Mathematics
- PAT 2 Science.
- PAT 3 engineering.
- PAT 4 Architecture.
- PAT 5 Education
- PAT 6 Fine Arts
- PAT 7 French
- PAT 7 German
- PAT 7 Chinese
- PAT 7 Japanese
- PAT 7 Pali
- PAT 7 Arabic
- *PAT 7 Korean is planned to open in 2017



Admission to Higher Education: Regional Challenges





Regional Challenges: International Standard for Upper Secondary Level Education

- The completion result on upper secondary level is required for continuation on higher education.
- The difference in the quality of teaching and learning in high school existed between schools in urban and rural or remote area posed a problem of non standardized grade point average. And unequal accessibility to higher education.
- To solve such problems, the Ministry of Education assigned the National Institute of Educational Testing Service(NIETS) to posing a standard assessment which is generally known as ONET(Ordinary National Education Test).
- The Council of University President of Thailand(CUPT) agreed to use the result of ONET in the Central University Admission System.
- It's necessary that the ONET test should be standardized equivalent to other International Standard test. (e. g; The CGE (o-Level)).
- Developing a benchmark study in high school is a key issue in the development of educational standards for the learning of students in Basic Education and Higher Education.



Central Standard Examination

• The current central examination authorized by the CUPT. It was classified into two main groups. The first one is content-base test covering both Science and Liberal Arts Education. The second one concerned the aptitude test for different Majors of study in universities.



Some International Program has set up their own admission criteria. Most of them required International Standard Test such as $\,SAT\,/\,ACT\,/\,CGE\,$ (a-level)/GRE

Standard Test applied to US college and University as an international student

*SAT: Scholastic Aptitude (Assessment) Test, apply to a US college as university. (Test in Mathematics and Verbal Skills)

*ACT: American College Test (ACT) is a standardized Test to determine a high school Graduate's preparation for college level work. (Test in English, Mathematics, Reading and Science reasoning)

*GCE: General Certificate of Education (GCE) is the standard measure for the Scottish education system (England, Wales, Common Wealth Counties)

- GCE (O-Level) is a standard measures upon the secondary education level
 - GCE (a-Level) is an entry qualification for Undergrad level
 - *GRE: Graduate Record Exam (GRE) for Graduate Studies Level
 - GRE (General): Test in Verbal, Qualitative and Analytical Skills.



It's necessary for Thailand to:

- develop the central standard examination test equivalent to the international standard in order to support student mobility both at the Regional and International level.
- having a clear information on the education system in ASEAN and ASEAN++ countries in order to support the educational linkage among Educational Institutions in ASEAN/ASEAN++



Developing standards criteria on Thai language Studies and Test in order to use as a standard tool in teaching and learning.

Eg: 1) TOEFL/IELTS:

Standard Test for English Language.

- 2) HSK (Hanyu Shuiping Kaoshi): Standard test for Mandarin Chinese.
- 3) JLPT (Japanese Language Proficiency Test): Standard Test for Japanese Language.



Thank you For Your Attention

